

# ॥ Shree Ram ji ॥

Maharana



Maharana Sangram Singh II  
A.D. 1710-1734

Maharana Jagat Singh II  
A.D. 1734-1751

Maharana Pratap Singh II  
A.D. 1751-1754

Maharana Raj Singh II  
A.D. 1754-1781

Maharana Arj Singh II  
A.D. 1781-1773

Maharana Hamir Singh II  
A.D. 1773-1778

Maharana Bheem Singh  
A.D. 1778-1828

Maharana Jawan Singh  
A.D. 1828-1838

Maharana Sardar Singh  
A.D. 1838-1842

Maharana Swarup Singh  
A.D. 1842-1861

Maharana Shambhu Singh  
A.D. 1861-1874

Maharana Sujan Singh  
A.D. 1874-1884

Maharana Fateh Singh  
A.D. 1884-1939

Maharana Bhupal Singh  
A.D. 1939-1955

Maharana Bhagwat Singh  
A.D. 1955-1984

Maharaj Kumar Mahendra Singh  
A.D. 1984-1994

Maharaj Kumar Vishvraj Singh  
A.D. 1994-Present

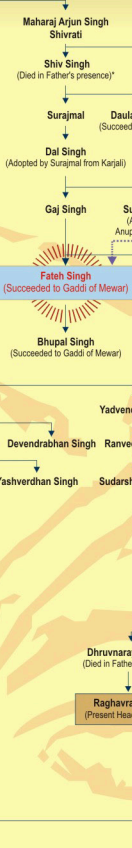
## Bagore Haveli



## Karjali Haveli



## Shivrati Haveli



## Dhaneria (Jarkhana) Haveli



## Madri Haveli



## Bhopalgarh Haveli



## Netawal Haveli



## Piladhar (Badavali) Haveli



It is my singular honour to be discharging my responsibilities as the 'Dewan' of Parameshwara ji Maharaj Shree Eklingnath ji II (A.D. 1710) and documenting the extended families of the House of Mewar since Maharana Sangram Singh ji II (A.D. 1710).

In the 21st century, the entire world is debating issues of governance and values. I am convinced that the House of Mewar has much to contribute to this worldwide interest and there is much to learn from our timeless custodianship form of governance.

In fact, this edition of the extended family tree of the House of Mewar, was prepared for an ongoing study by the Kellogg's School of Management, Chicago, and Indian School of Business (ISB) Hyderabad. The research team, led by Prof John L Ward and Prof K Ramchandran, raised queries about the process of adoption followed in the House of Mewar. This presentation of the Family Tree illustrates how the different branches of the House of Mewar contributed to the continuity of the office of 'Maharana' as the Custodian of the House. The principles of adoption adhered to the tenets of classical Hindu law as laid down by ancient law-givers like Manu, which state the following:

- There is complete severance of the child adopted from the family in which he is born, both in respect to the paternal and maternal line, and his complete substitution into the adopter's family as if he were born in it.
- An adopted son is the continuator of his adoptive father's line exactly as an *aurasa* (natural born) son, and that an adoption so far as the continuity of the line is concerned has a retrospective effect.

- An adopted son occupies the same rights and privileges in the family of the adopter as the natural born son.
- Since adoption has the effect of removing the adopted son from his natural family, only parents have the authority to offer a son for adoption. (This point has been emphasised in Vasishtha smriti and in the Mitakshara law as well.)
- In fact the Mitakshara law not only makes the adopted son as the heir to the adoptive father but to the kinsmen as well.

In today's time and age, I also wanted every member of the extended family of the House of Mewar, especially the younger generation, to be aware of these age-old practices that involved intense religious rituals and social-political sanctions. The new generation is the torch-bearer of the future and it is important for them to be involved, associated and proud of the House of Mewar and its track-record of unbroken custodianship.

I thank the efforts of Maharaj Madhusudan Singh, from Shivrati Haveli, who has painstakingly developed this Mewar Family Tree of the last 300 years. The team at Maharana of Mewar Charitable Foundation led by Th. Bhupendra Singh Auwa, Dr. Mayank Gupta and Media Design and Printing Centre of The City Palace Complex, Udaipur and Ms Anuradha Sarup, Mr Raju Mansukhani (of Rave Media & Marketing Communications, New Delhi) have always done their best for programmes and activities upholding core values of the House of Mewar. I acknowledge their contribution as 'Joint Custodians' of Eternal Mewar.

I wish you a happy and healthy 2010. May the blessings of Parameshwara ji Maharaj Shree Eklingnath ji continue to be showered on you, your family and our entire world.

sincerely yours  
*Arvind Singh Mewar*

ARVIND SINGH MEWAR  
76th Custodian of the House of Mewar  
Chairman and Managing Trustee - Maharana Mewar Historical Publications Trust, Udaipur



Maharana Shri Sangram Singh ji with Raja Jai Singh ji

पारमेश्वराजी महाराज श्री एकलिंगनाथ जी  
The Ruler of Udaipur, Mewar  
मेवाड़ राज्य के संस्थापक एवं स्वामी राजेश्वरी जी ।  
जन्म तिथि: उदयपुर महाराज जी का जन्म वर्ष 1710 ई.पू.।

The Genealogical Tree  
of the Extended Family of  
Maharana Sangram Singh ji II  
Udaipur, Mewar  
A.D. 1710 - 1734  
(Published on January 15<sup>th</sup> 2010)

श्रीरेवतीमाताजी  
Family Deity of Gault Dynasty

# ॥ Shree Eklingnath ji ॥



Maharana Shri Ari Singh ji with his son Kunwar Shri Hamir Singh ji

Note:  
\* Died in Father's Presence: Reached adulthood but passed away while father was alive.  
\* Died in Childhood: Passed away before reaching adulthood.

Names and facts presented here have been verified and checked for discrepancies by Maharana Mewar Historical Publications Trust, Udaipur.  
If there are any inadvertent inconsistencies or inaccuracies, please contact  
Dr. Mayank Gupta, Deputy Secretary MMCF - Development, Maharana of Mewar Charitable Foundation, The City Palace Complex, Udaipur -313001 Rajasthan, India  
email: mayank.gupta@eternalmewar.in



Eternal Mewar  
Custodianship unbroken  
since 734 AD  
Source: Udaipur Rajya Ka Itihas (Writer: Gaurishankar Heerchand Ojha)  
Dates given indicate the period of Custodianship  
Published by Maharana Mewar Historical Publications Trust, Udaipur  
Copyright © Maharana Mewar Historical Publications Trust, Udaipur  
All Rights Reserved  
First Edition: 2010